



Disclaimer and Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

Certain statements, including comments about World Kinect Corporation's expectations regarding future plans, performance and acquisitions are forward-looking statements that are subject to a range of uncertainties and risks that could cause World Kinect's actual results to materially differ from the forward-looking information. The forward-looking statements include, without limitation, any statement that may predict, forecast, indicate or imply future results, performance or achievements, and may contain the words "believe," "anticipate," "expect," "estimate," "project," "could," "wolld," "will," "will be," "will continue," "plan," or words or phrases of similar meaning. Specifically, this presentation includes forward-looking statements regarding expectations regarding our future plans and performance, including our operating margin, gross profit, adjusted EBITDA and free cash flow. All of our forward-looking statements are qualified in their entirety by cautionary statements and risk factor disclosures contained in our SEC filings. These forward-looking statements are estimates and projections reflecting our best judgment and involve risks, uncertainties or other factors relating to our operations and business environment, all of which are difficult to predict and many of which are beyond our control. Although we believe the estimates and projections reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, our expectations may prove to be incorrect. Our actual results may differ materially from the future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements.

Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the results and events anticipated or implied by such forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to: customer and counterparty creditworthiness and our ability to collect accounts receivable and settle derivative contracts; changes in the market prices of energy or commodities or extremely high or low fuel prices that continue for an extended period of time; adverse conditions in the industries in which our customers operate; our inability to effectively mitigate certain financial risks and other risks associated with derivatives and our physical fuel products; our ability to achieve the expected level of benefit from our restructuring activities and cost reduction initiatives; relationships with our employees and potential labor disputes associated with employees covered by collective bargaining agreements; our failure to comply with restrictions and covenants governing our outstanding indebtedness; the impact of cyber and other information technology or security related incidents on us, our customers or other parties; changes in the political, economic or regulatory environment generally and in the markets in which we operate, including as a result of the current conflicts in Eastern Europe and the Middle East, and the 2024 U.S. presidential election; greenhouse gas reduction programs and other environmental and climate change legislation adopted by governments around the world, including cap and trade regimes, carbon taxes, increased efficiency standards and mandates for renewable energy, each of which could increase our operating and compliance costs as well as adversely impact our sales of fuel products; changes in credit terms extended to us from our suppliers; non-performance of suppliers on their sale commitments and customers on their purchase commitments; non-performance of third-party service providers; our ability to effectively integrate and derive benefits from acquired businesses; our ability to meet financial forecasts associated with our operating plan; lower than expected cash flows and revenues, which could impair our ability to realize the value of recorded intangible assets and goodwill; the availability of cash and sufficient liquidity to fund our working capital and strategic investment needs; currency exchange fluctuations; inflationary pressures and their impact on our customers or the global economy, including sudden or significant increases in interest rates or a global recession; our ability to effectively leverage technology and operating systems and realize the anticipated benefits; failure to meet fuel and other product specifications agreed with our customers; environmental and other risks associated with the storage, transportation and delivery of petroleum products; reputational harm from adverse publicity arising out of spills, environmental contamination or public perception about the impacts on climate change by us or other companies in our industry; risks associated with operating in high-risk locations, including supply disruptions, border closures and other logistical difficulties that arise when working in these areas; uninsured or underinsured losses; seasonal variability that adversely affects our revenues and operating results, as well as the impact of natural disasters, such as earthquakes, hurricanes and wildfires; declines in the value and liquidity of cash equivalents and investments; our ability to retain and attract senior management and other key employees; changes in US or foreign tax laws, interpretations of such laws, changes in the mix of taxable income among different tax jurisdictions, or adverse results of tax audits, assessments, or disputes; our failure to generate sufficient future taxable income in jurisdictions with material deferred tax assets and net operating loss carryforwards; changes in multilateral conventions, treaties, tariffs or other arrangements between or among sovereign nations, our ability to comply with US and international laws and regulations, including those related to anti-corruption, economic sanction programs and environmental matters; the outcome of litigation, regulatory investigations and other legal matters, including the associated legal and other costs; and other risks described from time to time in our SEC filings.

New risks emerge from time to time, and it is not possible for management to predict all such risk factors or to assess the impact of such risks on our business. Accordingly, we undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, changes in expectations, future events, or otherwise, except as required by law.



Non-GAAP Financial Measures

We believe that the non-GAAP financial measures (collectively, the "Non-GAAP Measures"), when considered in conjunction with our financial information prepared in accordance with GAAP, are useful to investors to further aid in evaluating the ongoing financial performance of the Company and to provide greater transparency as supplemental information to our GAAP results. Non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered in isolation from, or as a substitute for, financial information prepared in accordance with GAAP. In addition, our presentation of the non-GAAP financial measures may not be comparable to the presentation of such metrics by other companies.

The Non-GAAP Measures exclude acquisition and divestiture related expenses, costs associated with restructuring activities (including exit activities), impairments, gains or losses on the extinguishment of debt, gains or losses on sale of businesses, integration costs associated with our acquisitions, and non-operating legal settlements primarily because we do not believe they are reflective of our core operating results. We also exclude costs associated with a previously disclosed erroneous bid made in the Finnish power market (the "Finnish bid error") that resulted in the extraordinary losses.

Definitions

- "Net income" means net income (loss) attributable to World Kinect as presented in the Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income.
- "Operating margin" means income from operations as a percentage of gross profit.

We use the following non-GAAP measures:

- Adjusted net income attributable to World Kinect ("adjusted net income") is defined as net income
 excluding the impact of acquisition and divestiture related expenses, costs associated with
 restructuring activities (including exit activities), impairments, gains or losses on the
 extinguishment of debt, gains or losses on sale of businesses, integration costs, non-operating
 legal settlements, and costs associated with the Finnish bid error.
- Adjusted diluted earnings per common share is computed by dividing adjusted net income by the sum of the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding for the period and the number of additional shares of common stock that would have been outstanding if our outstanding potentially dilutive securities had been issued. Potentially dilutive securities include share-based compensation awards, such as non-vested restricted stock units, performance stock units where the performance requirements have been met and settled stock appreciation rights awards.
- Adjusted earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("Adjusted EBITDA") is
 defined as net income including noncontrolling interest and excluding the impact of interest,
 income taxes, and depreciation and amortization, in addition to acquisition and divestiture related
 expenses, costs associated with restructuring activities (including exit activities), impairments,
 gains or losses on sale of businesses, integration costs, non-operating legal settlements, and
 costs associated with the Finnish bid error.
- · Adjusted income from operations is defined as Income from operations excluding the impact of

- acquisition and divestiture related expenses, costs associated with restructuring activities (including exit activities), impairments, integration costs, and costs associated with the Finnish bid error.
- Adjusted gross profit is defined as Gross profit excluding the impact of costs associated with the Finnish bid error.
- Adjusted income from operations as a percentage of adjusted gross profit ("adjusted operating margin") is computed by dividing adjusted income from operations by adjusted gross profit.
- Adjusted operating expenses is defined as operating expenses excluding the impact of
 acquisition and divestiture related expenses, costs associated with restructuring activities
 (including exit activities), impairments, integration costs, and costs associated with the Finnish
 bid error.
- Adjusted Corporate Unallocated Operating Expenses are defined as corporate operating
 expenses excluding the impact of acquisition and divestiture related expenses, costs associated
 with restructuring activities (including exit activities), impairments, integration costs, and costs
 associated with the Finnish bid error.
- Free Cash Flow is defined as operating cash flow minus total capital expenditures as presented in the Statement of Cash Flow.
- Net Debt is defined as Total Debt less cash.



Poised to Drive Long-Term Growth & Shareholder Value





World Kinect Corporation is a leading global energy distribution and management company.





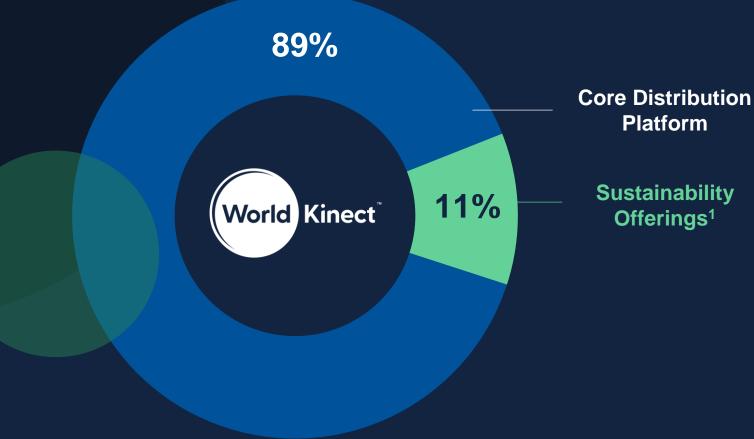
Key Investment Highlights

- Robust Core Distribution Platform Complemented by Growing Sustainability Offerings
- 2 Successful Track Record of Strategic M&A to Grow Segment-Level Earnings
- 3 Strong Cash Flow Provides Financial Flexibility
- Adjusted Operating Margin Upside in Medium Term
- 5 Strong Balance Sheet & Debt Maturity Profile
- Optimized Capital Allocation Framework Supports
 Shareholder Returns







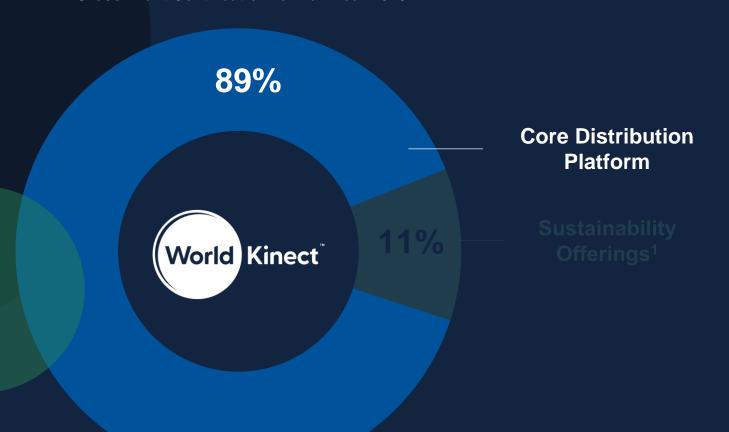


How we create robust networks, deploy physical logistics and inventory management, and digital engagement



Core Distribution Platform Serves Three Key Markets

Gross Profit Contribution for Full-Year 2023





LEVERAGING COMMON OPERATING MODEL



Core Distribution Platform

Aviation



Customers We Service:

OUR SERVICE FOOTPRINT
AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2023

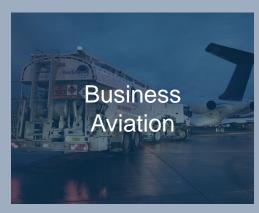
12,000 Customers

36,000Commercial Aircraft

40,000Business Aircraft

4,000+
Airports









- Competitive supply to efficiently service large airlines at hub locations
- Premier one-stop shop solution for all corporate & private aviation
- Comprehensive mission-critical military operations



Core Distribution Platform

Marine



OUR SERVICE FOOTPRINT AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2023

> 2,200 Customers

1,250 **Global Seaports**

Customers We Service:

















- Operations tuned to manage ever-increasing market volatility
- Valued counterparty in a market where it profoundly matters
- Ground floor involvement in introducing new products to the marketplace



Core Distribution Platform

Land



Customers We Service:

OUR SERVICE FOOTPRINT AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2023

> 140K Customers

3,500 **Retail Stations &** Cardlocks in North America







Residential &

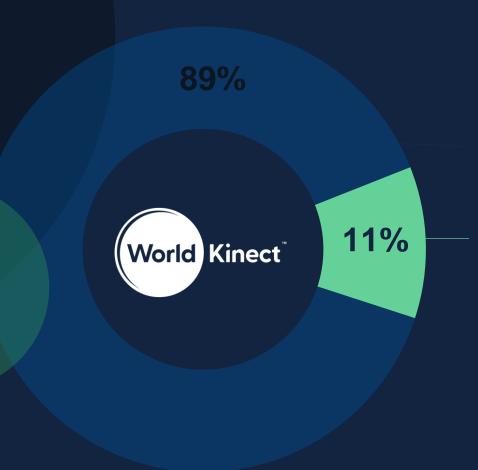
Retail

- Strong footprint of fueling capabilities across the United States
- Platform being streamlined to gain efficiencies
- Prime position to service the energy transition



A Growing Sustainability Business

Gross Profit Contribution for Full-Year 2023



Core Distribution
Platform

Sustainability Offerings¹









Strong Market Share and Notable Growth Opportunity in Land Business

Demand Drivers				
Market size	~\$380E	> \$1.9Tn ²		
Market share	~10%	< 1%		
Customer count	~14,10	~137,200		
Growth Opportunity				
Growth in market share	\checkmark	✓	√ √	
Growth with market & value chain	\checkmark	✓	✓	

Note:

^{1.} For Aviation: Spherical Insights & Consulting; Global aviation fuel market size as of 2022. Report issued June 29, 2023. For Marine, IMARC Group estimate as of 2022, Global Marine Fuel Market.

^{2.} Source: IEA "Oil Final Consumption by Product, World 1990-2021" indicator, 2021 global assumptions for Total Gas and Diesel consumption. Converted to gallons at 7,589 gallons per TJ for Gas and 6,825 gallons per TJ for Diesel. Converted to USD using a \$2.75 / gallon assumption based on blended fuel prices.



WKC Provides Value to Both Suppliers & Customers

Suppliers (~2,500)

- Strong financial counterparty
- Channel partner
- Technical services support

Traders Major Oil Independent Companies Refiners Regional Oil **National Oil Companies** Companies



Customers (~150,000)

- Competitive pricing
- Security of supply
- Network coverage
- Lines of credit
- **24/7** operational support





The Different Ways WKC Participates in the Fuel Supply Chain



Supplier A

Delivers fuel into customer's equipment

WKC 'flash title' financial intermediation

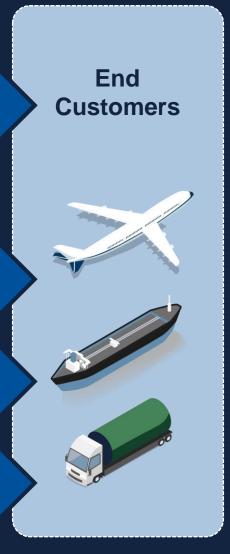
Supplier B

Delivers fuel into final distribution point

WKC manages fuel at the final distribution point and delivers fuel to end customer

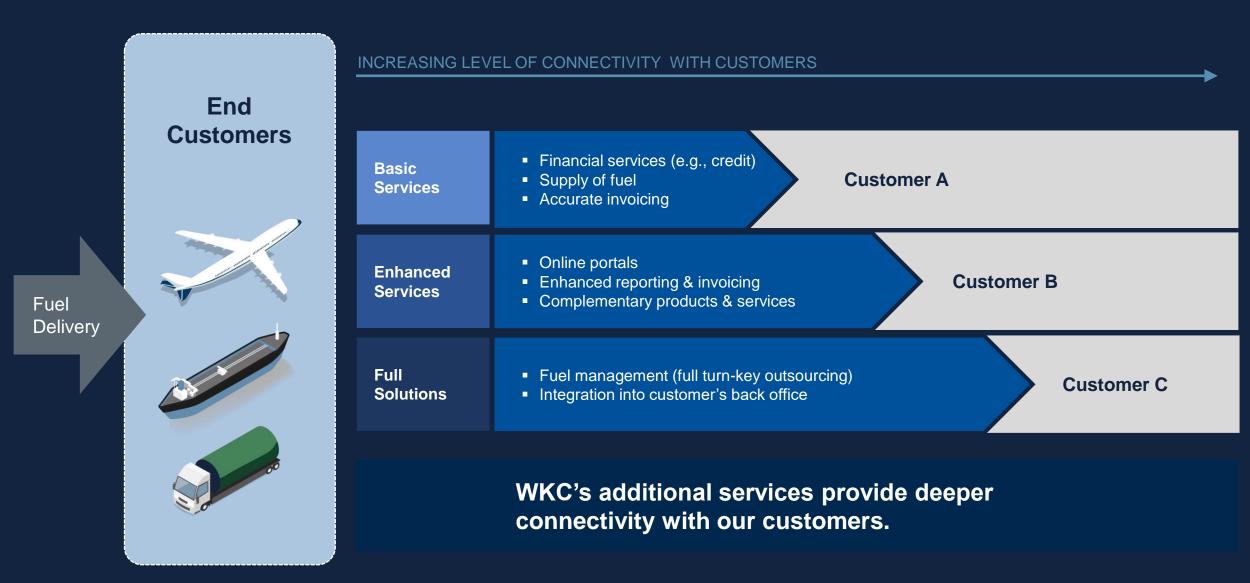
Supplier C

Delivers at refinery gate WKC manages fuel in the entire chain all the way to the product source and delivers fuel to end customer





WKC Provides Additional Value to the Customer Beyond Just a Competitive Fuel Price





The Core Distribution Platform Has 4 Key Value Propositions











Extending the Platform into Our Sustainability Offerings

Suppliers

- Strong financial counterparty
- Channel partner for supply
- Channel partner for environmental credits

Natural Gas **Producers Green Power Producers** Power **Traders EAC Traders** Natural Gas Utilities **Traders**



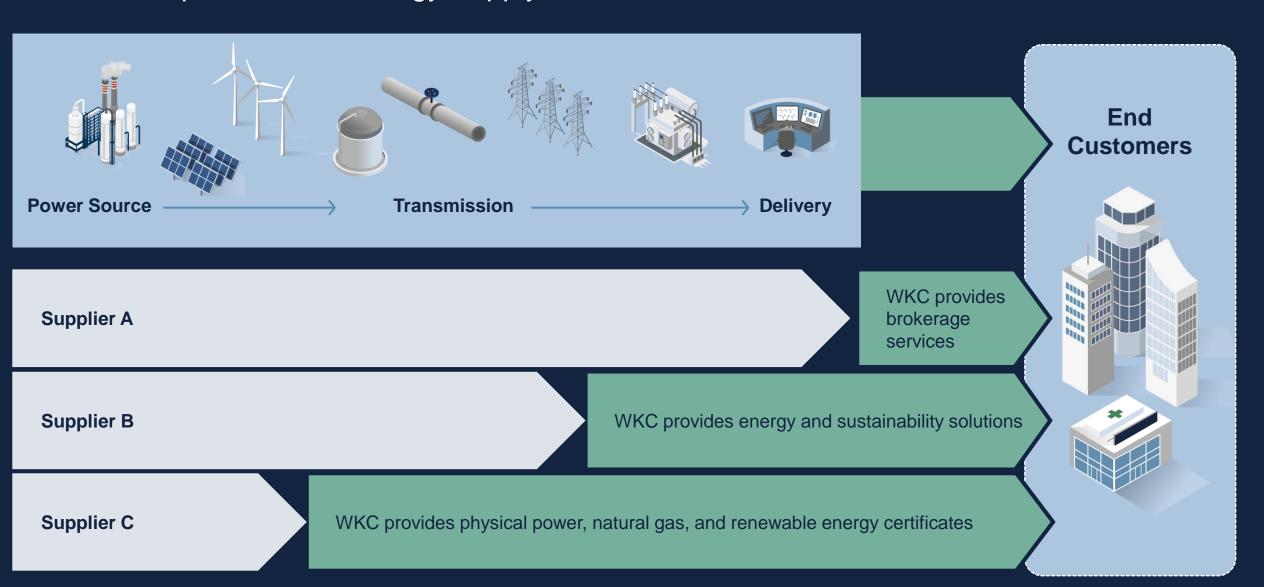
Customers

- Deep market knowledge
- Energy management solutions
- Development and implementation of sustainability strategies
- Competitive pricing





WKC Participation in the Energy Supply Chain





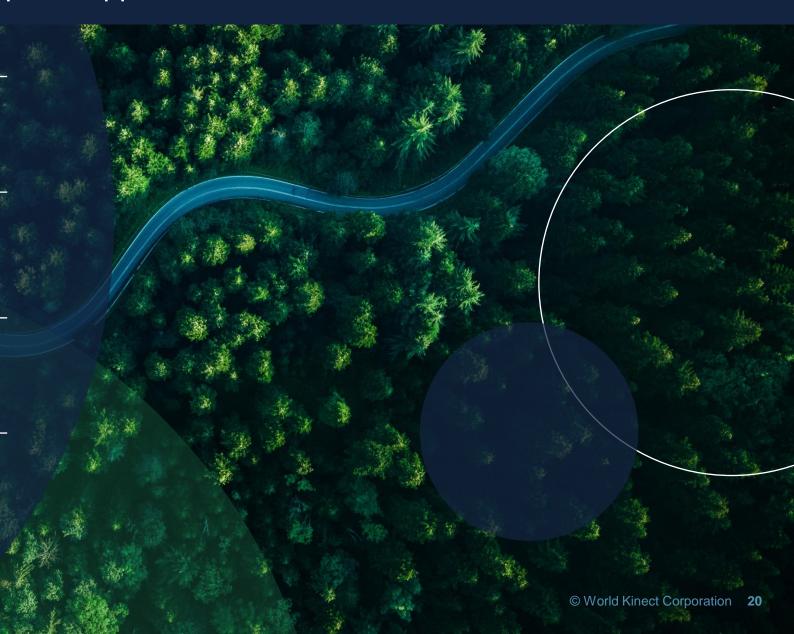
Executing on a Clear Strategy to Capture Opportunities Across Our Businesses

Provide value to both suppliers and consumers

Last Half Mile strategy enables us to capture higher value in the supply chain

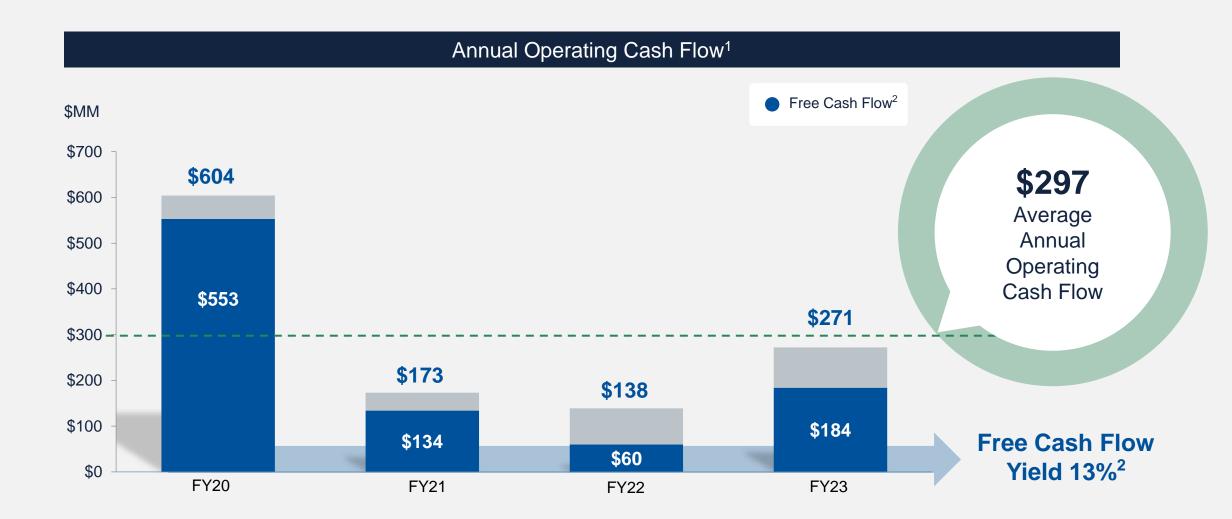
Flexible core distribution platform is scalable to meet changing needs

Platform supports current customer needs while positioning us to participate in the energy transition





Strong Cash Flow Provides Financial Flexibility

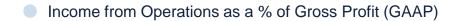


^{1.} Full bars represent Total Operating Cash Flow.



Our Adjusted Operating Margin Target of 30%

Income and Adjusted Income from Operations as a Percentage of Gross Profit



Adjusted Income from Operations as a % of Gross Profit¹

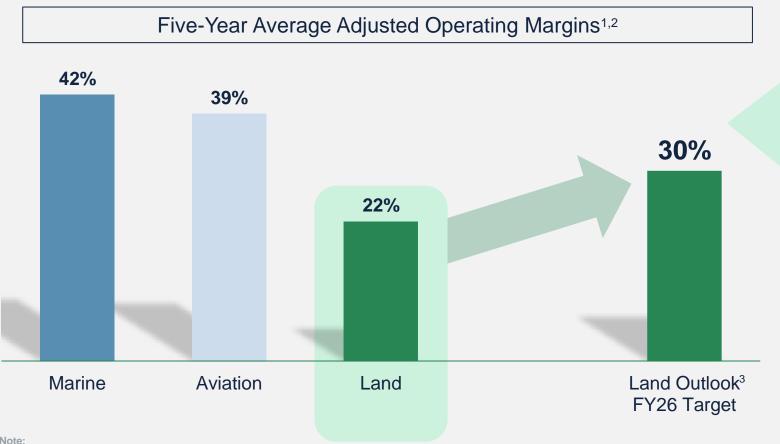


^{1.} A non-GAAP Measure. Please see the definition of this non-GAAP measure on slide 3 and a reconciliation to the most comparable GAAP measure in the Appendix.

^{2.} Not a guarantee of actual future performance. Actual performance is subject to various risks and uncertainties, including those referenced in our 2023 Form 10-K and other filings with the SEC.



LAND



- 1. Adjusted Operating Margin is computed by dividing adjusted income from operations by adjusted gross profit. This was averaged for the five year period from 2019-2023.
- 2. Adjusted Income From Operations and Adjusted Gross Profit are non-GAAP financial measures. Please see the definition of these non-GAAP measures on slide 3 and a reconciliation to the most comparable GAAP measures in the Appendix,
- 3. Not a guarantee of actual future performance. Actual performance is subject to various risks and uncertainties, including those referenced in our 2023 Form 10-K and other filings with the SEC.

How?

System / Infrastructure Consolidations

Improve Asset Utilization

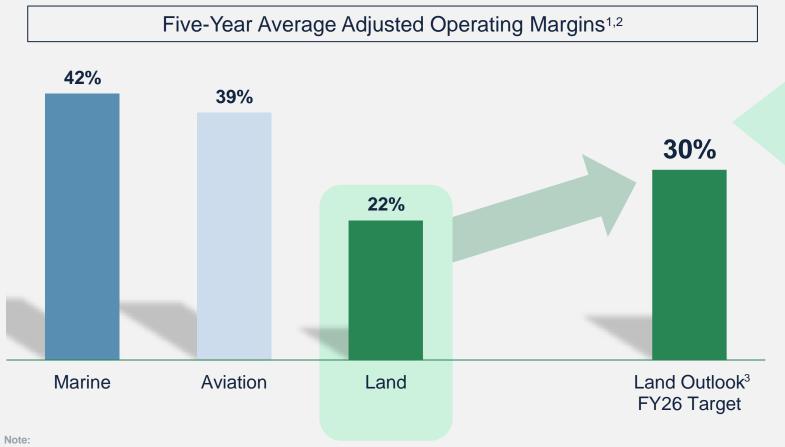
Continue Sharpening Portfolio Of Activities

Increase Focus On Highly Efficient, Core Operations

Synergistic Acquisitions / Integrations



LAND



- 1. Adjusted Operating Margin is computed by dividing adjusted income from operations by adjusted gross profit. This was averaged for the five year period from 2019-2023.
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How?

Example 2023 Cardlock Acquisition

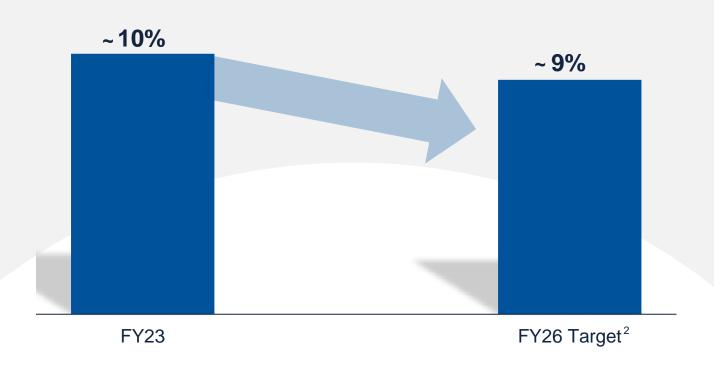
Incremental Operating Margin 80% - Acquired **Gross Profit / Limited** Expense

Synergistic Acquisitions / Integrations



ADJUSTED CORPORATE UNALLOCATED OPERATING EXPENSES

Adjusted Corporate Unallocated Operating Expenses¹ / Adjusted Gross Profit¹



How?

Automation / Digitization

Continuous Cost Management

Accelerate Offshoring

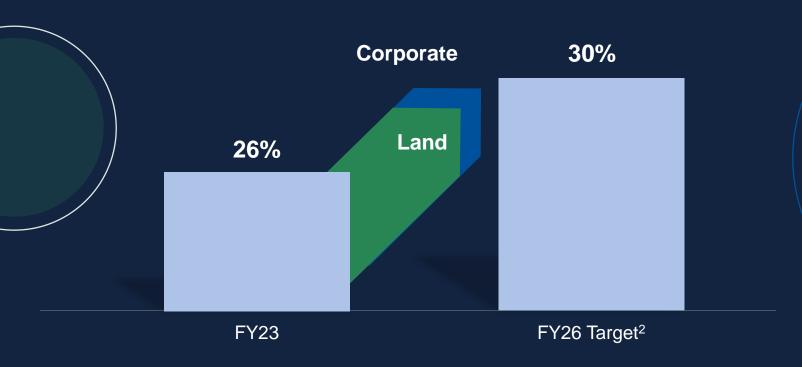
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CONSOLIDATED



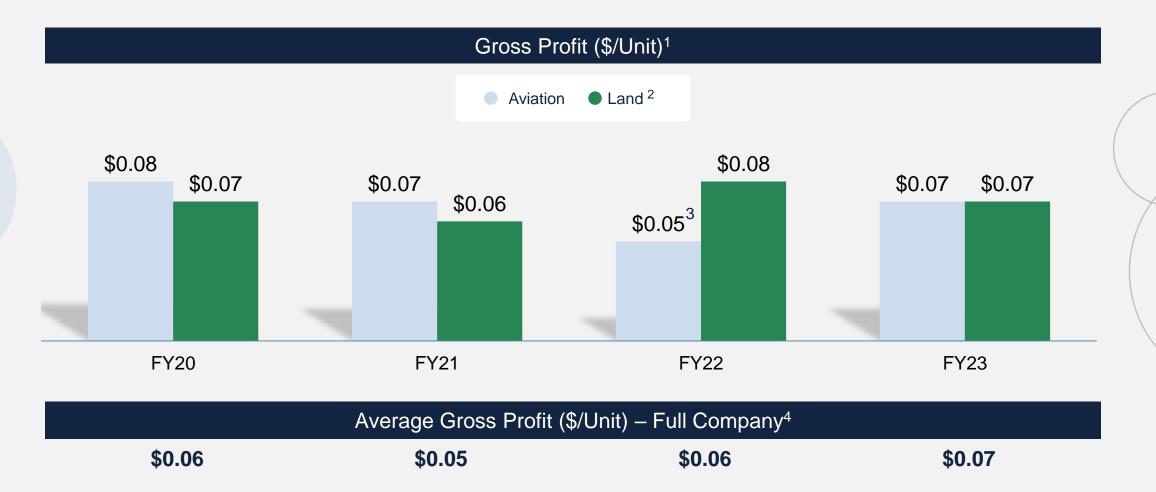


Target Land And Corporate Efficiency Gains Sufficient To Achieve Consolidated **Target**

- 1. A non-GAAP Measure. Please see the definition of this non-GAAP measure on slide 3 and a reconciliation to the most comparable GAAP measure in the
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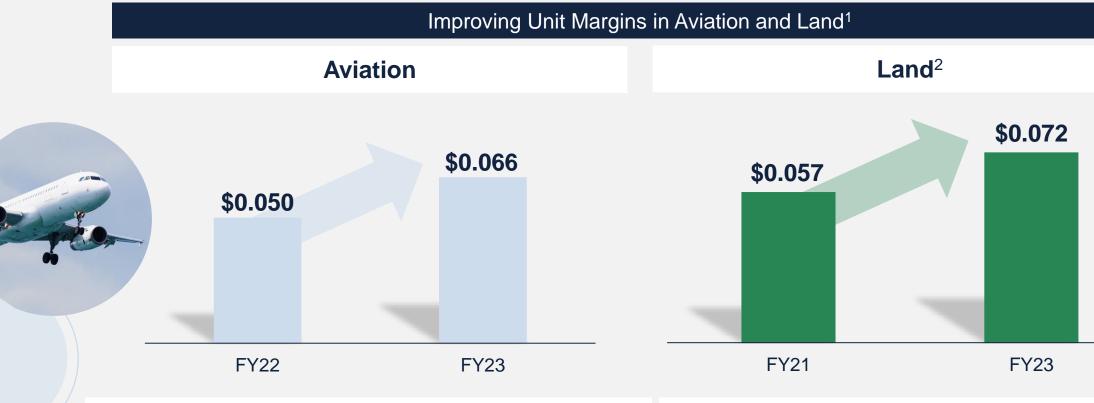
Stable Per Unit Margins Across Land and Aviation Reflect Superior Assets



- 1. A non-GAAP Measure. Please see the definition of this non-GAAP measure on slide 3 and a reconciliation to the most comparable GAAP measure in the
- 2. The Land segment utilizes Adjusted Gross Profit. Adjusted Gross Profit is a non-GAAP Measure. Please see the definition of this non-GAAP measure on slide 3 and a reconciliation to the most comparable GAAP measure in the Appendix.
- 3. Includes the impact of severe price backwardation of approximately \$0.01 per gallon.
- 4. Gross profit per unit calculated as gross profit per gallon and gallon equivalent for Full Company (including Aviation, Land and Marine Segments).



Contributed to Improved Unit Margins



- Backwardation negatively impacted 2022 margins
- Focus on higher returns further improved margins in 2023
- Accelerated trip support activity has contributing to margin growth

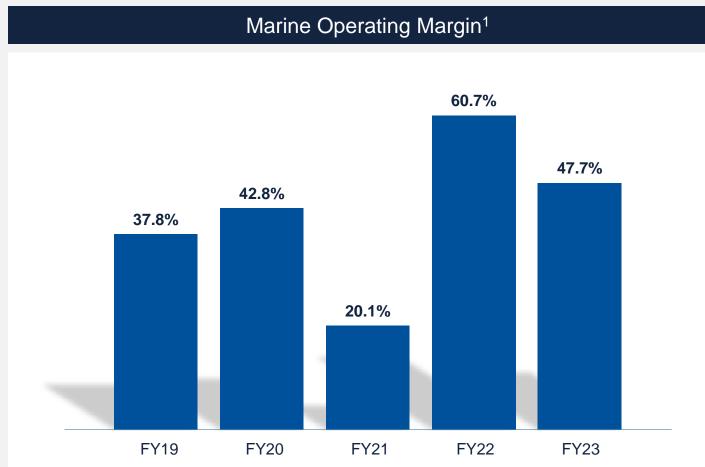
Flyers Energy (acquired in 2022) higher margin and predictable business contributed to a meaningful improvement in Land unit margins

^{1.} Gross Profit per unit is calculated as gross profit divided by gallon/gallon equivalent.

^{2.} The Land segment utilizes Adjusted Gross Profit. Adjusted Gross Profit is a non-GAAP Measure. Please see the definition of this non-GAAP measure on slide 3 and a reconciliation to the most comparable GAAP measure in the Appendix.



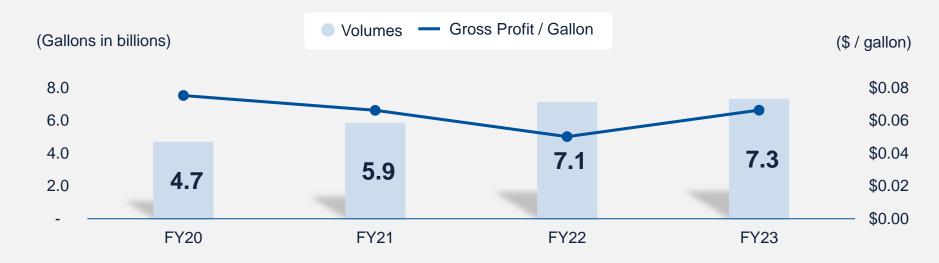
Marine Operating Margins are Strong







Overall, Aviation Has Rebounded and Grown



- Migrated to higher value, higher margin offerings
- Restructured customer portfolio to improve returns and reduce volatility
- Significant improvement in working capital efficiency
- Solid growth opportunities ahead





Land Business is on a Path to Accelerate Growth and Efficiencies



- Transitioning to lower cost platform driving greater operating efficiencies
- Focus on enhancing margin profile and integration efficiency
- Growing suite of complementary sustainability products and services

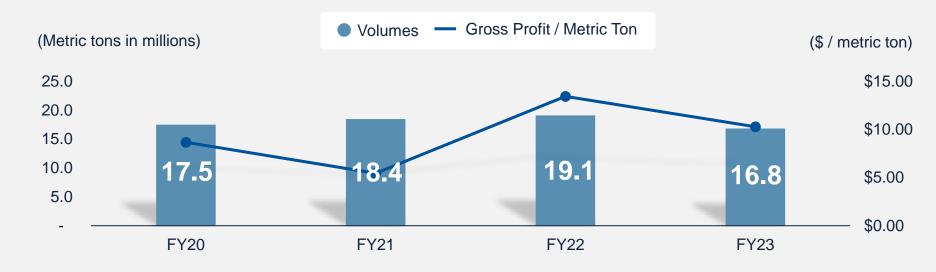


^{1.} Includes gallons and gallon equivalents.

^{2.} A non-GAAP Measure. Please see the definition of this non-GAAP measure on slide 3 and a reconciliation to the most comparable GAAP measure in the Appendix.



Marine is Also Contributing While Providing "Bonus" Opportunities in Volatile Markets



- Extremely efficient capital model
- Reliable cash flow generation
- Niche expansion opportunities can contribute to Adjusted **EBITDA** growth





Capital Allocation Framework Supports Growth with Reasonable Leverage and Rewards Shareholders





Strong Balance Sheet & Liquidity Position

- Low leverage through prudent capital management
- Liquidity strong through business cycles



M&A Priorities

- Focus on investments in core activities
- Driving growth and further operating leverage



Capital Returns

- Share buybacks
- Dividends



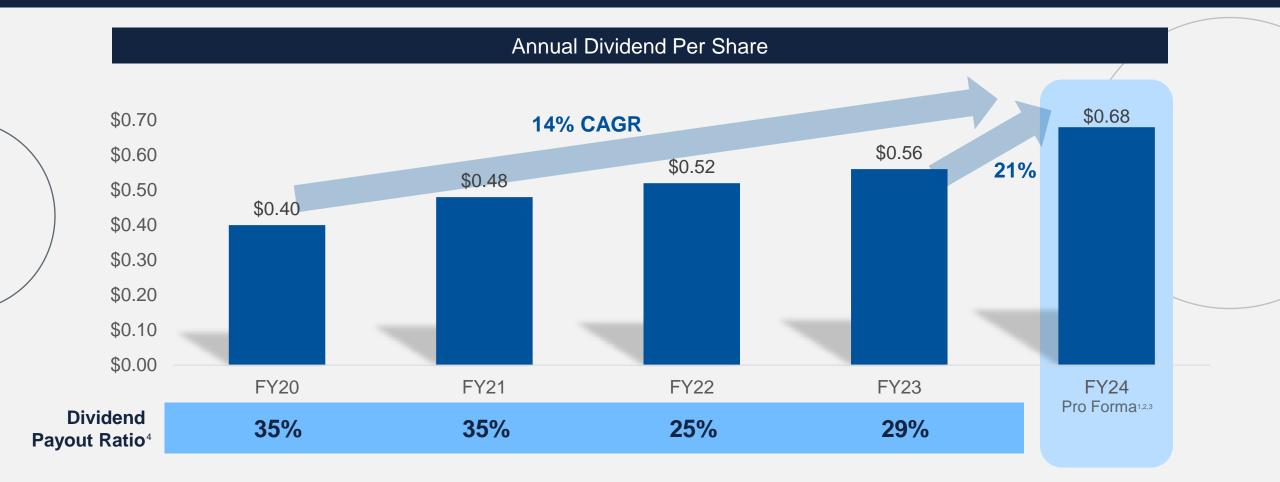
The Evidence is in Our High Capital Returns



^{1.} Capital returned to shareholders through dividends and repurchases of common stock.



Dividend Increases Demonstrate Our Commitment to Delivering Greater Capital Returns to Shareholders



- 1. Based on \$0.17 quarterly dividend declared on March 7, 2024, representing a 21% increase over the prior quarterly dividend of \$0.14 a share.
- 2. Share repurchases in excess of those authorized under the Company's current 2020 repurchase program and all future dividends are subject to board approval.
- 3. Not a guarantee of actual future performance. Actual performance is subject to various risks and uncertainties, including those referenced in our 2023 Form 10-K and other filings with the SEC.
- 4. Dividend payout ratio is computed by the annual dividends paid per share divided by adjusted earnings per share.



Strong Balance Sheet & Debt Maturity Profile

\$2Bn revolver and term loan mature April 2027

\$350MM convertible senior notes mature June 2028

Greater than \$1Bn of available liquidity at year end 2023

Financial Policy

- Debt to adjusted EBITDA < 3x
- Minimum cash balance of \$250MM

	December 31				
\$MM	2020	2021	2022	2023	
Cash	659	652	298	304	
Debt	525	509	846	888	
Net Debt ¹	(134)	(144)	547	584	
Debt / Adj. EBITDA ¹	2.1x	2.1x	2.2x	2.3x	
Net Debt ¹ / Adj. EBITDA			1.4x	1.5x	



Looking Forward, We Remain Focused on Delivering Solid Free Cash Flow

2024 - 2028

\$900 Million – \$1.2 Billion

Target Aggregate Free Cash Flow^{1,2}

Capital Allocation



Strategic Investments

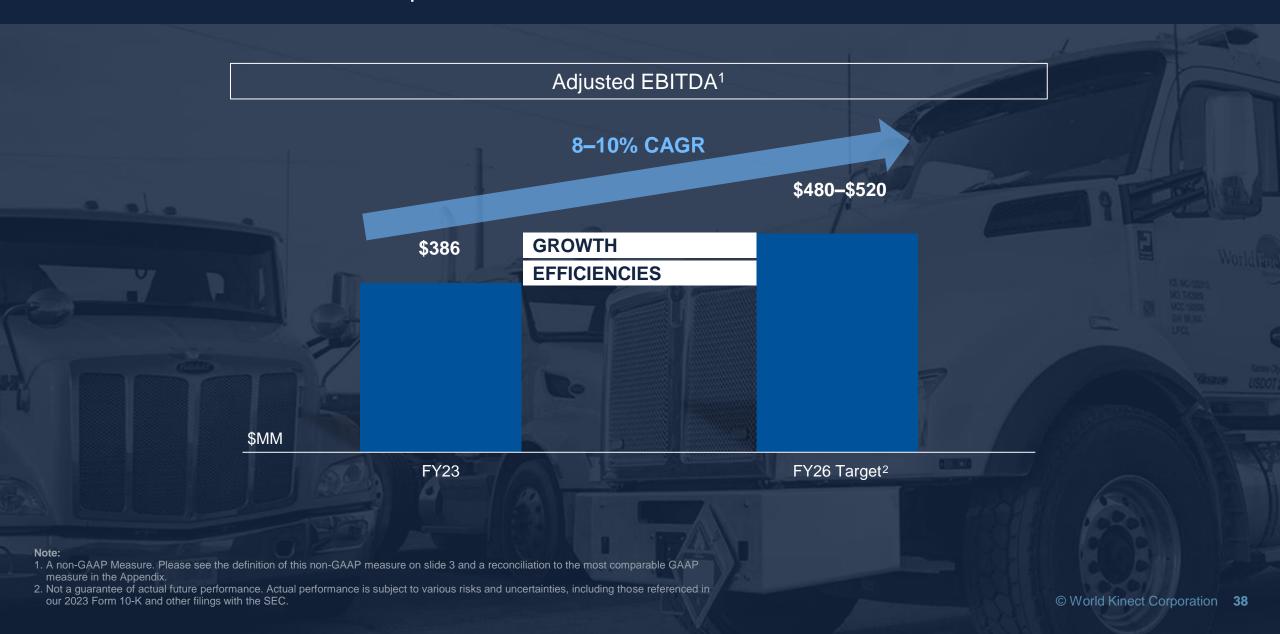
Debt Repayment

- 1. A non-GAAP Measure. Please see the definition of this non-GAAP measure on slide 3 and a reconciliation to the most comparable GAAP measure in the Appendix.
- 2. Not a guarantee of actual future performance. Actual performance is subject to various risks and uncertainties, including those referenced in our 2023 Form 10-K and other filings with the SEC.
- 3. Share repurchases in excess of those authorized under the Company's current 2020 repurchase program and all future dividends are subject to board approval.

Dividends³



Profitable Growth Will Further Improve Our Financial Profile & Enhance Shareholder Returns





Driving Increasing Shareholder Value

Financial Targets¹

2026: Optimizing operational performance

30% Adjusted Operating Margin²

target

2026: Efficiencies and profitable growth should contribute to Adjusted EBITDA growth

\$480MM-\$520MM Adjusted

EBITDA² target

2024–2028: Improved Working **Capital management** contributing to a stronger cash flow profile

\$900MM-\$1.2Bn five-year aggregate Free Cash Flow² target



^{1.} Not a guarantee of actual future performance. Actual performance is subject to various risks and uncertainties, including those referenced in our 2023 Form 10-K and other filings with the SEC.

^{2.} A non-GAAP Measure. Please see the definition of this non-GAAP measure on slide 3 and a reconciliation to the most comparable GAAP measure in the



Returning Capital to Shareholders

Returned 51% of Free Cash Flow¹ to **Shareholders in 2023** \$94MM of buybacks and dividends

~40% of future Free Cash Flow allocated to buybacks and dividends

Announced a 21%³ **Dividend Increase** in March 2024

Represents a 70% increase from 2020

Dividend Yield now ~2.8%^{2,3,4}



^{1.} A non-GAAP Measure. Please see the definition of this non-GAAP measure on slide 3 and a reconciliation to the most comparable GAAP measure in the Appendix.

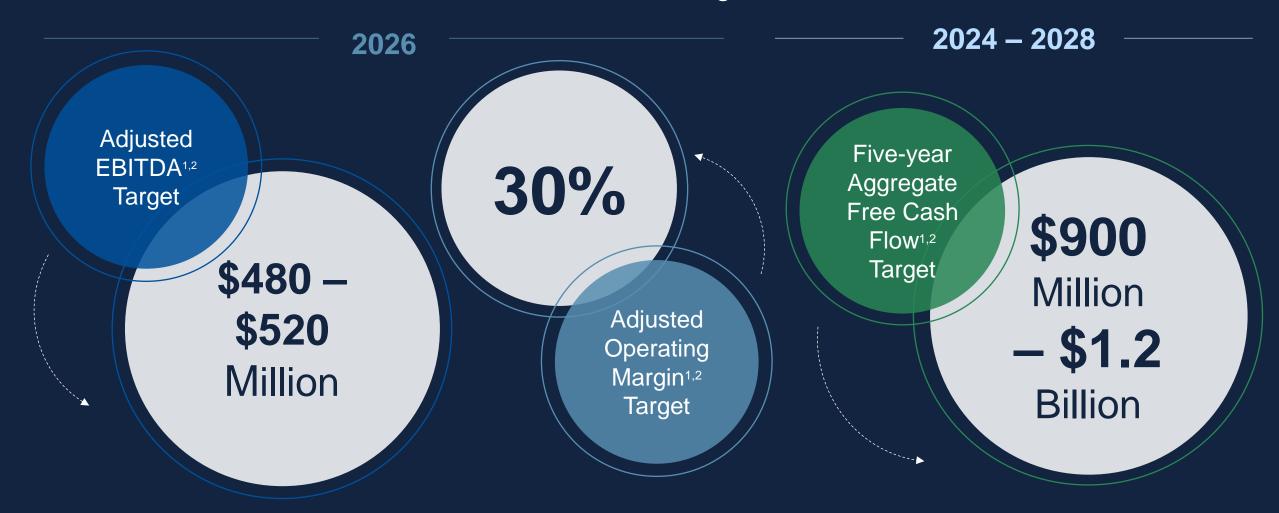
^{2.} Dividend yield defined as proforma 2024 annual dividend per share divided by closing share price as of April 25, 2024.

^{3.} Based on \$0.17 quarterly dividend declared on March 7, 2024, representing a 21% increase over the prior quarterly dividend of \$0.14 a share.

^{4.} Share repurchases in excess of those authorized under the Company's current 2020 repurchase program and all future dividends are subject to board approval.



We Remain Focused on Medium-Term Financial Targets²



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Financial Summary

Sharpening our portfolio of business activities has allowed us to heighten our focus on core activities, while simplifying our story

Our opportunities to drive meaningful improvements in operating efficiencies are greater than ever

We have provided greater clarity on capital allocation

Broad team effort to drive improvements in our working capital model is contributing to a strong flow profile

Maintaining a strong and liquid balance sheet remains paramount, providing capital to invest in our core activities Our goal is to increase value for our customers, suppliers and shareholders!





Q3 2024 Financial Highlights

Gross Profit \$268MM (5)%

Net Income¹ \$35MM (1)%

GAAP Diluted EPS \$0.57 (2)%

Adj. EBITDA³ \$100MM (1)%

Total Volumes² 4.4B (2)%

Share Repurchases \$28MM

Adj. Diluted EPS³ \$0.62 +7%

Note: Q3 2024 information as reported as of October 24, 2024, compared to prior year's results.

- Net Income (loss) including Noncontrolling Interest.
- Includes gallons and gallon equivalents.
- 3. Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted Diluted EPS are non-GAAP financial measures. Please see Appendix for a reconciliation of these non-GAAP financial measure to their most directly comparable GAAP measure.



Q3 2024 Results



Note:

^{1.} Includes gallons and gallon equivalents.



Segment Overview: Aviation

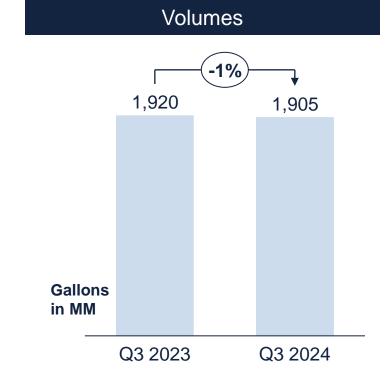
Quarter Highlights & Q4 Outlook

Q3 2024 Highlights vs Q3 2023:

- Volume was down approximately 1% year over year but up 4% excluding the impact of exiting low margin bulk fuel related activity.
- Gross Profit increased \$3 million or 3% year-over-year, positively impacted by stronger performance in our core commercial business, offset in part by the Avinode sale.

Q4 2024 Outlook vs Q4 2023:

 We expect a decline in gross profit yearover-year, driven principally by the Avinode sale.









Segment Overview: Land

Quarter Highlights & Q4 Outlook

Q3 2024 Highlights vs Q3 2023:

- Volumes decreased 3% year-over-year, principally related to our North American Wholesale and Retail business activities.
- While North American fuel activity improved sequentially, it still experienced a year-overyear decline. This combined with a continuation of unfavorable market conditions in Brazil, resulted in a 16% yearover-year decline in gross profit.

Q4 2024 Outlook vs Q4 2023:

Gross profit expected to be generally flat to up slightly year-over-year.

Volumes¹ 1,546 1,496 Gallons in MM¹ Q3 2023 Q3 2024







Segment Overview: Marine

Quarter Highlights & Q4 Outlook

Q3 2024 Highlights vs Q3 2023:

 Volumes were down 3% year-over-year, and gross profit increased approximately 7%, principally driven by strong performance in our core resale business activities.

Q4 2024 Outlook vs Q4 2023:

 Gross profit expected to be lower, principally related to reduced market volatility and lower bunker fuel prices.

Volumes 4.1 4.0 Metric Tons in MM

Q3 2024

Q3 2023







Consolidated Adjusted Gross Profit Trends



Note:

^{1.} Guidance for Q3 2024 earnings provided on July 25, 2024.

^{2.} Not a guarantee of actual future performance. Actual performance is subject to various risks and uncertainties, including those referenced in our 2023 Form 10-K and other filings with the SEC.



Adjusted Operating Expense Continues to Trend Down Year-over-Year

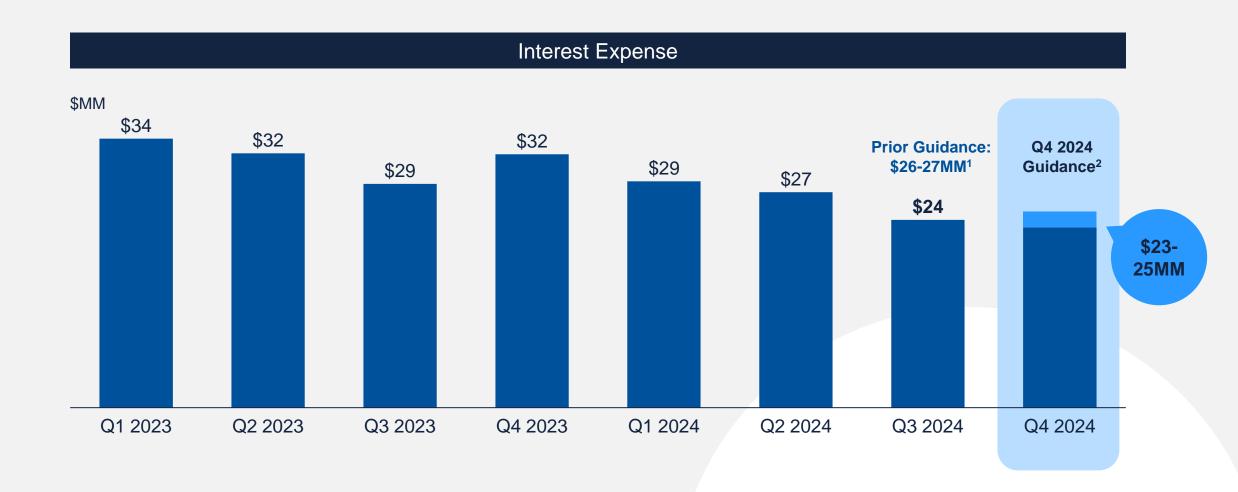


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Interest Expense Has Declined Significantly Year-over-Year

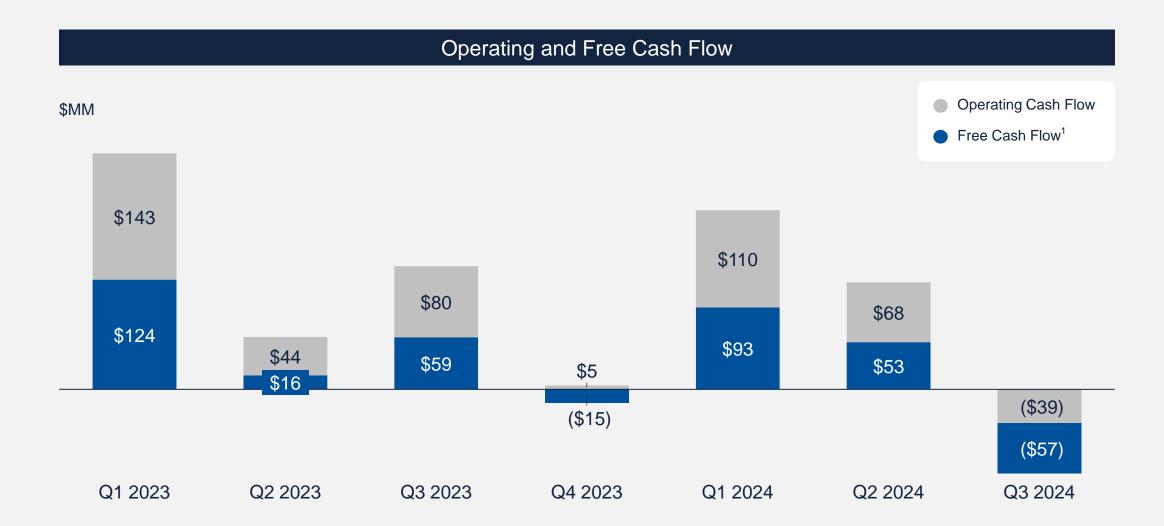


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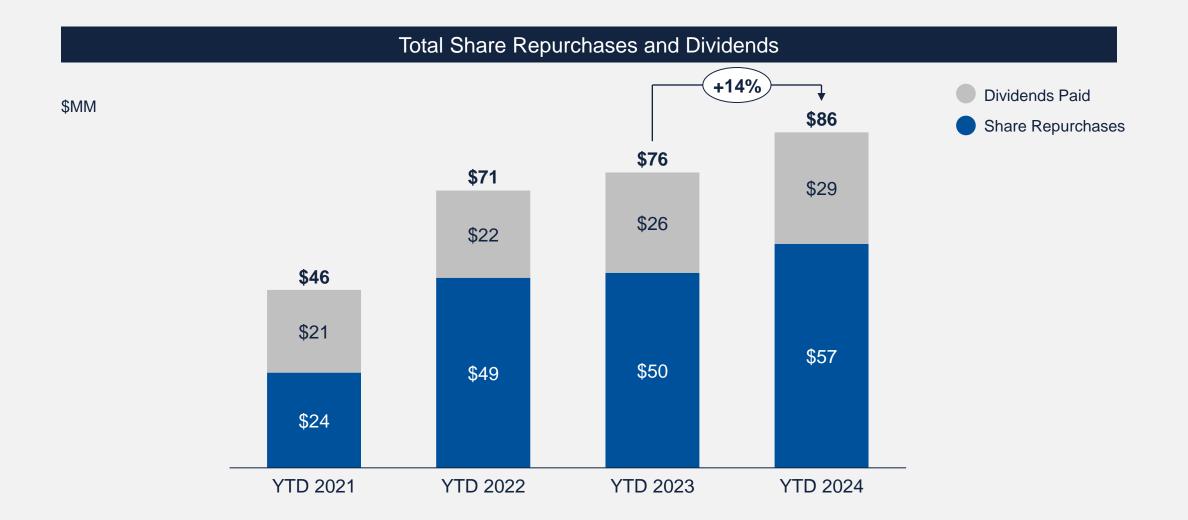


Cash Flow Profile Remains Strong





Total Capital Allocated to Share Repurchases and Dividends has Increased





Guidance Summary¹

Date Guidance Provided	Period	Guidance Metric	Guidance		Actual
	Q3 2024	Total Gross Profit	\$265 – 274MM	\checkmark	\$268MM
luby 25, 20242	Q3 2024	Adj. Operating Expense	\$193 – 197MM	✓	\$195MM
July 25, 2024 ²	Q3 2024	Interest Expense	\$26 – 27MM	✓	\$24MM
	FY 2024	FY 2024 Tax Rate	15 – 18%		
	Q4 2024	Total Gross Profit	\$253 – 260MM		
October 24, 2024	Q4 2024	Adj. Operating Expense	\$194 – 198MM		
October 24, 2024	Q4 2024	Interest Expense	\$23 – 25MM		
	FY 2024	FY 2024 Tax Rate	17 – 19%		

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^{2.} Guidance from Q3 2024 earnings provided on July 25, 2024.





Non-GAAP Reconciliation – Adj. Net Income and Adj. Diluted EPS

For the Twelve Months Ended December 31,

\$ in Millions, except		2020		2021	2022			2023
per share data	Net Income	Diluted Earnings per share						
GAAP Measures	\$109.6	\$1.71	\$73.7	\$1.16	\$114.1	\$1.82	\$52.9	\$0.86
Acquisition and divestiture	1.8	0.03	6.6	0.10	1.4	0.02	1.0	0.02
Loss (gain) on sale of a business	(80.0)	(1.25)	(0.9)	(0.01)	7.7	0.12	(2.2)	(0.04)
Asset Impairments	25.5	0.40	4.7	0.07	0.6	0.01	32.8	0.53
Integration Cost	-	-	-	-	1.4	0.02	-	-
Finnish bid error	-	-	-	-	-	-	48.8	0.79
Restructuring Charges	10.3	0.16	6.6	0.10	(0.8)	(0.01)	7.2	0.12
Non Operating Legal Settlements	-	-	-	-	6.5	0.10	-	-
Loss on Extinguishment of Debt	-	-	-	-	0.7	0.01	-	-
Income tax impact	6.3	0.10	(4.6)	(0.07)	(3.6)	(0.06)	(20.4)	(0.33)
Adjusted non-GAAP measures	73.6	1.15	86.0	1.36	127.9	2.04	120.0	1.95



Non-GAAP Reconciliation – Adjusted EBITDA

For the Twelve Months Ended December 31,

\$ in Millions	2020	2021	2022	2023
Net income (loss) including noncontrolling interest	\$109.6	\$74.2	\$115.9	\$53.7
Interest expense and other financing cost, net	44.9	40.2	110.6	127.7
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	52.1	25.8	29.2	13.0
Depreciation and amortization	85.8	81.0	107.8	104.5
EBITDA	292.5	221.2	363.5	298.9
Acquisition and divestiture	1.8	6.6	1.4	1.0
Loss (gain) on sale of a business	(80.0)	(0.9)	7.7	(2.2)
Asset Impairments	25.5	4.7	0.6	32.8
Integration Cost	-	-	1.4	-
Finnish bid error	-	-	-	48.8
Restructuring Charges	10.3	6.6	(0.8)	7.2
Non Operating Legal Settlements	-	-	6.5	-
Adjusted EBITDA	250.2	238.1	380.3	386.4



Non-GAAP Reconciliation – Free Cash Flow, Free Cash Flow Yield

\$ in Millions, except stock price	2023
Numerator:	
Operating Cash Flow	\$271.3
Capital Expenditures	\$87.6
Free Cash Flow	\$183.7
Denominator:	
Stock Price ¹	\$22.78
Shares Outstanding	59.8
Market Cap	\$1,363.0
Free Cash Flow Yield	13.5%



Non-GAAP Reconciliation - Adj. Operating Expenses, Adj. Operating Margin

\$ in millions				For the	Twelve Months	Ended Decen	nber 31		
		GAAP	Acquisition	Asset	Integration	Finnish bid	Restructuring	Total	Adjusted Non-
		Measure	and divestiture	Impairments	Costs	error	Charges	Adjustments	GAAP Measure
2020 Consolidated	Gross Profit	\$851.8	-	-	-	-	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$852.0
2020 Consolidated	Operating Expenses	714.0	1.8	25.5	-	-	10.2	37.5	676.5
2020 Consolidated	Operating Income	137.9	1.8	25.5	-	-	10.3	37.7	175.5
2020 Consolidated	Operating Margin	16%							21%
2021 Consolidated	Gross Profit	788.2	-	-	-	-	0.8	0.8	789.0
2021 Consolidated	Operating Expenses	645.6	6.6	4.7	-	-	5.7	17.0	628.7
2021 Consolidated	Operating Income	142.6	6.6	4.7	-	-	6.6	17.8	160.4
2021 Consolidated	Operating Margin	18%							20%
2022 Consolidated	Gross Profit	1,089.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,089.1
2022 Consolidated	Operating Expenses	815.8	1.4	0.6	1.4	(8.0)		2.6	813.2
2022 Consolidated	Operating Income	273.2	1.4	0.6	1.4	(8.0)	=	2.6	275.8
2022 Consolidated	Operating Margin	25%							25%
2023 Consolidated	Gross Profit	1,058.2	-	-	-	48.0	-	48.0	1,106.2
2023 Consolidated	Operating Expenses	860.2	(1.0)	(32.8)	-	(8.0)	(7.2)	(41.7)	818.5
2023 Consolidated	Operating Income	198.0	1.0	32.8		48.8	7.2	89.7	287.7
2023 Consolidated	Operating Margin	19%							26%



\$ in millions, except per share data

GAAP Measure
Acquisition and divestiture
Loss (gain) on sale of a business
Asset Impairments
Finnish bid error
Restructuring Charges
Income tax impact
Adjusted non-GAAP measure

For the Three Months Ended September 30,					
2	2024	2023			
Net	Earnings per	Net	Earnings per		
Income	share	Income	share		
\$33.5	\$0.57	\$34.9	\$0.58		
0.0	0.00	-	-		
(0.1)	(0.00)	-	-		
1.2	0.02	0.0	0.00		
(0.0)	(0.00)	-	-		
(0.0)	(0.00)	-	-		
2.1	0.04	<u>-</u>	-		
36.7	0.62	34.9	0.58		

For the Nine Months Ended September 30,					
2	024	2	023		
Net	Earnings per	Net	Earnings per		
Income	share	Income	share		
\$169.2	\$2.82	\$87.7	\$1.41		
0.0	0.00	0.5	0.01		
(96.1)	(1.60)	(0.6)	(0.01)		
3.6	0.06	0.3	0.01		
1.3	0.02	-	-		
5.7	0.10	-	-		
9.9	0.17	(0.0)	(0.00)		
93.6	1.56	87.8	1.41		



\$ in millions	For the Three Months	Ended September 30,	For the Nine Months I	For the Nine Months Ended September 30,		
	2024	2023	2024	2023		
Net income (loss) including noncontrolling interest	\$35.0	\$35.5	\$169.1	\$88.5		
Interest expense and other financing cost, net	24.0	28.6	80.4	95.4		
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	14.6	10.8	27.6	24.8		
Depreciation and amortization	25.5	26.1	75.3	77.8		
EBITDA	99.1	101.0	352.4	286.5		
Acquisition and divestiture	0.0	-	0.0	0.5		
Loss (gain) on sale of a business	(0.1)	-	(96.1)	(0.6)		
Asset Impairments	1.2	0.0	3.6	0.3		
Finnish bid error	(0.0)	-	1.3	-		
Restructuring Charges	(0.0)	-	5.7	-		
Adjusted EBITDA	100.1	101.0	266.9	286.7		



\$ in millions	
Gross Profit GAAP Measures	
Finnish bid Error	

Gross Profit Adjusted Non-GAAP Measures

For the Three Months Ended						
March 31,	June 30,	September 30,	December 31,	March 31,	June 30,	September 30,
2023	2023	2023	2023	2024	2024	2024
262.7	281.7	281.4	232.4	254.1	245.2	268.1
-	-	-	48.0	-	-	-
262.7	281.7	281.4	280.4	254.1	245.2	268.1

Operating Expenses GAAP Measure
Acquisition and divestiture related expenses
Finnish bid error
Asset impairments
Restructuring charges
Operating Expenses Adjusted Non-GAAP Measure

For the Three Months Ended										
March 31,	June 30,	September 30,	December 31,	March 31,	June 30,	September 30,				
2023	2023	2023	2023	2024	2024	2024				
198.2	206.2	208.2	247.7	190.8	200.0	195.8				
-	0.5	-	0.4	-	-	0.0				
-	-	-	0.8	0.9	0.4	(0.0)				
-	0.3	0.0	32.4	-	2.4	1.2				
-	-	-	7.2	0.2	5.6	(0.0)				
198.2	205.3	208.2	206.8	189.7	191.6	194.7				



\$ in millions	For the Three Months Ended										
	March 31,	June 30,	September 30,	December 31,	March 31,	June 30,	September 30,				
	2023	2023	2023	2023	2024	2024	2024				
Operating Cash Flow	\$143	\$44	\$80	\$5	\$110	\$68	(\$39)				
CapEx	19	28	21	20	17	15	18				
Free Cash Flow	124	16	59	(15)	93	53	(57)				



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